Introduction

Ernesto F. L. Amaral

February 20–March 6, 2020 Introduction to Social Statistics Using Stata



Outline

- Objective
- Variables and observations
- Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (IPUMS)



Objective

- This course is an introduction to Stata using data from the American Community Survey (ACS)
- We will cover several topics on social statistics
 - Univariate analysis
 - Mode, median, mean, boxplot
 - Measure of association for nominal-level variables
 - Chi Square
 - Measure of association for ordinal-level variables
 - Spearman's Rho
 - Measures of association for interval-ratio-level variables
 - Scatterplots, Pearson's r, analysis of variance (ANOVA)
 - Multivariate analysis
 - Ordinary least square regression (dependent variable: income)
 - Logistic regression (dependent variable: migration)

Stata

- Stata is a software package that provides tools for data manipulation, visualization, and estimation of various statistics
- Stata programming language is easier to understand than other statistical software packages (SPSS, SAS, R)
- Stata is popular across various social sciences, such as sociology, demography, and economics
- See more information on

АМ

https://www.stata.com/why-use-stata/

Popularity of statistical software

- Bob Muenchen has been tracking popularity of data science software using a variety of different approaches
 - E.g., he uses Google Scholar to count the number of scholarly articles found each year for each software

https://r4stats.com/articles/popularity/

- Forecast Update: Will 2014 be the Beginning of the End for SAS and SPSS?
 - May 14, 2013, by Bob Muenchen

https://www.r-bloggers.com/forecast-update-will-2014-be-the-beginning-of-theend-for-sas-and-spss/

- Is Scholarly Use of R Use Beating SPSS Already?
 - July 15, 2019, by Bob Muenchen

https://www.r-bloggers.com/is-scholarly-use-of-r-use-beating-spss-already/

Scholarly use of data analysis software



Source: Muenchen 2013.

Scholarly use of data analysis software, SAS and SPSS removed



Source: Muenchen 2013.

Site: https://www.r-bloggers.com/forecast-update-will-2014-be-the-beginning-of-the-end-for-sas-and-spss/

Citations per year for each software



Site: https://www.r-bloggers.com/is-scholarly-use-of-r-use-beating-spss-already/

Age-period-cohort effects

• Why most young demographers use R?

• Age effect

- "You know, young people love free stuff and visualizations, they will grow up soon and will pay for Stata or SAS"
- Period effect
 - "I think it is because it is trendy nowadays, before everybody used Stata, later everybody will use Python"

Cohort effect

 "Maybe is because they learned R at the beginning of their carrier, and they will continue to use it for a long time"

Source: Acosta, Enrique. 2020. "Age-period-cohort analysis: Limitations and possibilities." Presentation at the 11th Demographic Conference of Young Demographers. February, 6.

R vs. Stata

- R is a free software package
 - The most advanced statistical models and techniques are made available quickly in R
 - Researchers, professors, and other professionals create extra commands for R with new methodological advances
 - The same happens for Stata, but not in the same pace
- Among our faculty, Stata is more popular
 - I have been pushing for R, because of the availability of more advanced models



Stata licenses

- Instructions for accessing Stata through the Virtual Open Access Lab (VOAL)
 - Texas A&M University

http://www.ernestoamaral.com/docs/Stata2020a/Stata_VOAL_instructions.pdf

Student short-term Stata license (free for a maximum of one week)

https://www.stata.com/customer-service/short-term-license

Student Single-User Stata License (lower prices)
 https://www.stata.com/order/new/edu/gradplans/student-pricing



Stata help resources

- Stata: Data Analysis and Statistical Software
 <u>http://www.stata.com/links</u>
- Institute for Digital Research and Education (IDRE)
 - University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA)

https://stats.idre.ucla.edu/stata/

- Carolina Population Center (CPC)
 - The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill (UNC) <u>http://www.cpc.unc.edu/research/tools/data_analysis/statatutorial</u>





Variables and observations

Variables

- Characteristics that can change values from case to case
- E.g. gender, age, income, political party affiliation...

Observations (cases)

- Refer to the entity from which data are collected
- Also known as "unit of analysis"
- E.g. individuals, households, states, countries...



Variables

- Variable: a characteristic/phenomenon whose value varies (changes) from case to case, and is empirically quantifiable
- **Dependent variable:** a variable whose variation depends on another variable
- Independent variable: a variable whose variation produces ("causes") variation in another variable



Variables' level of measurement

Variables' level of measurement	Examples of variables	Measurement procedures	Mathematical operations permitted	Examples of available techniques
Nominal	– Sex – Race – Religion – Marital status	 Classification into categories <u>Mode</u> 	 Counting number in each category (tabulation) Comparing sizes of categories 	 Chi Square Logistic regression Multinomial logistic regression
Ordinal	 Social class Attitude scales Opinion scales 	 All of the above Plus ranking of categories with respect to each other (scale) Mode, median 	 All of the above Plus judgments of "greater than" and "less than" 	 Spearman's Rho Ordered logistic regression
Interval- ratio	– Age – Number of children – Income	 All of the above Plus description of scores in terms of equal units Mode, median, mean 	 All of the above Plus mathematical operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, square roots) 	 Scatterplots Pearson's r Analysis of variance (ANOVA) Ordinary least square regression (linear regression)

Observations

- **Observations** (cases) are collected information used to test hypotheses
- Decide how variables will be measured and how cases will be selected and tested
- Measure social reality: collect numerical data
- Information can be organized in databases
 - Variables as columns
 - Observations as rows



Example of a database

Observation	Salary per hour	Years of schooling	Years of experience in the labor market	Female	Marital status (married)
1	3.10	11	2	1	0
2	3.24	12	22	1	1
3	3.00	11	2	0	0
4	6.00	8	44	0	1
5	5.30	12	7	0	1
525	11.56	16	5	0	1
526	3.50	14	5	1	0

Source: Wooldridge, 2008.

A I M

Descriptive statistics

- Univariate analysis
 - Summarize or describe the distribution of a single variable
- Bivariate analysis
 - Describe the relationship between two variables
- Multivariate analysis
 - Describe the relationship among three or more variables



Causation

- Theories and hypotheses are often stated in terms of the **relationships between variables**
 - Causes: independent variables
 - Effects or results: dependent variables

У	X	Use
Dependent variable	Independent variable	Econometrics
Explained variable	Explanatory variable	
Response variable	Control variable	Experimental science
Predicted variable	Predictor variable	
Outcome variable	Covariate	
Regressand	Regressor	

Correlation vs. causation

- Correlation and causation are different
 - Strong associations (correlation) may be used as evidence of causal relationships (causation)
 - Associations do not prove variables are causally related
- We might have problems of reverse causality
 - e.g., immigration increases competition in the labor market and affects earnings
 - Availability of jobs and income levels influence migration







IPUMS

- Integrated Public Use Microdata Series (<u>https://ipums.org</u>)
 - Provides census and survey data from around the world integrated across time and space
 - Minnesota Population Center (<u>https://www.pop.umn.edu</u>)
 - Steven Ruggles (<u>http://users.hist.umn.edu/~ruggles</u>)
- IPUMS USA provides access to over 60 integrated, highprecision samples of the American population
 - Federal censuses
 - American Community Survey (ACS): 2000-present
 - Puerto Rican Community Survey (PRCS): 2005-present
 - Assigns uniform codes across all the samples and brings relevant documentation into a coherent form to facilitate analysis of social and economic change

2010 Decennial Census

- The 2010 Decennial Census consisted of a single short-form questionnaire
 - The short form asked age, sex, race, ethnicity, relationship to household head, and whether the housing unit was rented or owned by a member of the household
- The annual ACS survey was designed to replace the Census long-form questionnaire
 - The ACS/PRCS sample design approximates the Census 2000 long-form sample design and oversamples areas with smaller populations



Source: https://usa.ipums.org/usa/chapter2/chapter2.shtml

American Community Survey

- ACS and PRCS samples include about 3 million households nationwide
 - The sampling unit is the household and all persons residing in the household
- IPUMS samples of ACS and PRCS come from the Census Bureau's larger internal data files
 - They are subject to additional sampling error and further data processing (e.g., imputation, allocation)
 - Estimates from ACS IPUMS may not be consistent with ACS summary tables

Confidentiality measures

- Measures to protect individual confidentiality in ACS public available data
 - Individual variables, such as income and housing values are top coded
 - Geographic identifiers are currently restricted to the state and PUMA levels
- Public use microdata area (PUMA)
 - Consist of 100,000+ residents
 - Do not cross state lines
 - Codes must be combined with state codes
 - 2,101 PUMAs in the 2005-2011 ACS
 - 2,378 PUMAs in the 2012-2018 ACS







U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU

THE American Community Survey This booklet shows the content of the American Community Survey questionnaire.

Start Here Respond online today at: https://respond.census.gov/acs

OR Complete this form and mail it back as soon as possible.

This form asks for information about the people who are living or staying at the address on the mailing label and about the house, apartment, or mobile home located at the address on the mailing label



If you need help or have questions about completing this form, please call 1-800-354-7271. The telephone call is free.

Telephone Device for the Deaf (TDD): Call 1–800–582–8330. The telephone call is free.

¿NECESITA AYUDA? Si usted habla español y necesita ayuda para completar su cuestionario, llame sin cargo alguno al 1-877-833-5625. Usted también puede completar su entrevista por teléfono con un entrevistador que habla español. O puede responder por Internet en: https://respond.census.gov/acs

For more information about the American Community Survey, visit our web site at: http://www.census.gov/acs

Please print the name and telephone number of the person who is filing out this form. We will only contact you if needed for official Census Bureau business. Last Name



Please print today's date.

Day

Year

Month

Area Code + Number

How many people are living or staying at this address?

- INCLUDE everyone who is living or staying here for more than 2 months.
- INCLUDE yourself if you are living here for more than 2 months.
- INCLUDE anyone else staying here who does not have another place to
- stay, even if they are here for 2 months or less. **DO NOT INCLUDE** anyone who is living somewhere else for more than 2 months, such as a college student living away or someone in the Armed Forces on deployment.

Number of people

Fill out pages 2, 3, and 4 for everyone, including yourself, who is living or staying at this address for more than 2 months. Then complete the rest of the form.

FORM ACS-1(INFO)(2017) (03-14-2016) OMB No. 0607-0810 OMB No. 0607-0936

MI



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((Person 1 Person 1 is the person living or staying here in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start with the name of any adult living or staying here.)	Person 1 11 → Please copy the name of Person 1 from page 2, then continue answering questions below. Last Name First Name	What is the highest degree or level of school this person has COMPLETED? Mark (X) ONE box. If currently enrolled, mark the previous grade or highest degree received. NO SCHOOLING COMPLETED No schooling completed NURSERY OR PRESCHOOL THROUGH GRADE 12 NURSERY School	What is this person's ancestry or ethnic origin? (For example: Italian, Jamaican, African Am., Cambodian, Cape Verdean, Norwegian, Dominican, French Canadian, Haitian, Korean, Lebanese, Polish, Nigerian, Mexican, Taiwanese, Ukrainian, and so o
	What is Person 1's name? ast Name (Please print) First Name MI	7 Where was this person born?	Grade 1 through 11 – Specify	A Does this person speak a language other than English at home? Yes No → SKIP to question 15a
3	Image: Second state of the second s	Outside the United States - Print name of foreign country, or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.		 b. What is this language? For example: Korean, Italian, Spanish, Vietnamese
4	Male Female Male Female What is Person 1's age and what is Person 1's date of birth? Please report bables as age 0 when the child is less than 1 year old. Print numbers in boxes. uge (in years) Year of birth	 8 Is this person a citizen of the United States? Yes, born in the United States → SKIP to question 10a Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas Yes, born abroad of U.S. citizen parent or parents 	GED or alternative credential GEL or alternative credential College OR SOME COLLEGE Some college credit, but less than 1 year of) college credit 1 or more years of college credit, no degree	C. How well does this person speak English?
→ 5 !	NOTE: Please answer BOTH Question 5 about Hispanic origin and Question 6 about race. For this survey, Hispanic origins are not races. s Person 1 of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin? No, not of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin Yes, Mexican, Mexican Am., Chicano	 Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization – Print year of naturalization No, not a U.S. citizen 	Associate's degree (for example: AA, AS) Bachelor's degree (for example: BA, BS) AFTER BACHELOR'S DEGRE Master's degree (for example: MA, MS, MEng, MEd, MSW, MBA)	 Not at all a. Did this person live in this house or apartment 1 year ago? Person is under 1 year old → SKIP to question 16
	 Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, another Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin – Print origin, For example, Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on. 7 	When did this person come to live in the United States? If this person came to live in the United States more than once, print latest year. Year	Professional degree beyond a bachelor's degree (for example: MD, DDS, DVM, LLB, JD) Doctorate degree (for example: PhD, EdD) Annue guestion 12 if this parage has a	 Yes, this house → SKIP to question 16 No, outside the United States and Puerto Rico - Print name of foreign country, or U.S. Virgin Islands, Guarm, etc., below; then SKIP to question 16
6 1	What is Person 1's race? Mark (X) one or more boxes.	This person attended school for collegies include only nursery or preschool, kinderganten, elementary school, home school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or a college degree.	bachelor's degree or higher. Otherwise, SKIP to question 13.	 No, different house in the United States or Puerto Rico b. Where did this person live 1 year ago?
	Black or African Am. American Indian or Alaska Native — Print name of enrolled or principal tribe. ₹	No, has not attended in the last 3 months → SKIP to question 11 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private school, private college, home school	This question focuses on this person's BACHELOR'S DEGREE. Please print below the specific major(s) of any BACHELOR'S DEGREES this person has received. (For example: chemical	Address (Number and street name)
	Asian Indian Japanese Native Hawaiian Chinese Korean Guamanian or Chamorro Filipino Vietnamese Samoan	b. What grade or level was this person attending? Mark (X) ONE box. Nursery school, preschool Kindemarten	engineering, elementary teacher education, organizational psychology)	Name of city, town, or post office
	Other Asian – Print race, Other Pacific Islander – for example, Hmong, Print race, for example, Laotian, Thai, Pakistani, Fijian, Tongan, and Cambodian, and so on. ₹ so on. ₹	Grade 1 through 12 – Specify grade 1 – 12		ivame of U.S. county or municipio in Puerto Rico
	Some other race – Print race. ₽	College undergraduate years (freshman to senior) Graduate or professional school beyond a		Name of U.S. state or Puerto Rico ZIP Code

Continue...

		13197058
 Please answer the following questions about the house, apartment, or mobile home at the address on the mailing label. Mhich best describes this building? Invacant. Mhoile all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. A mobile home A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses. A building with 2 apartments A building with 5 to 9 apartments A building with 10 to 19 apartments A building with 10 to 19 apartments A building with 20 to 49 apartments A building with 50 or more apartments 	Answer questions 4 - 5 if this is a HOUSE OR A MOBILE HOME; otherwise, SKIP to question 6a. How many acres is this house or mobile home on? Less than 1 acre → SKIP to question 6a 1 to 9.9 acres 10 or more acres IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property? None \$1 to \$9.99 \$2,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999	 Does this house, apartment, or mobile home have- a. hot and cold running water? b. a bathtub or shower? c. a sink with a faucet? d. a stove or range? e. a refrigerator? f. telephone service from which you can both make and receive calls? <i>Include</i> and receive calls? <i>Include</i> a to this house, apartment, or mobile home - do you or any member of this household? A to this house, apartment, or mobile home - do you or any member of this household? a besktop or laptop b. Smartphone c. Tablet or other portable wireless computer Some other type of computer
 Boat, RV, van, etc. About when was this building first built? 2000 or later - Specify year 1990 to 1999 1980 to 1989 1970 to 1979 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier When did PERSON 1 (listed on page 2) move into this house, apartment, or mobile home? Month Year 	 \$10,000 or more a. How many separate rooms are in this house, apartment, or mobile home? Rooms must be separated by built-in archways or walls that extend out at least 6 inches and go from floor to ceiling. INCLUDE bedrooms, kitchens, etc. EXCLUDE bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or unfinished basements. Number of rooms b. How many of these rooms are bedrooms' Count as bedrooms those rooms you would list if this house, apartment, or mobile home were for sale or rent. If this is an efficiency/studio apartment, print "0". Number of bedrooms 	 Spechy p At this house, apartment, or mobile home - do you or any member of this household have access to the Internet? Yes, by paying a cell phone company or Internet service provider → SKIP to question 11 No access to the Internet at this house, apartment, or mobile home → SKIP to question 11 No access to the Internet using a - Yes No a. cellular data plan for a smartphone or other mobile device? b. broadband (high speed) Internet service guestion 2 b. broadband (high speed) Internet service installed in this household? c. satellite Internet service [] installed in this household? d. dial-up Internet service [] installed in this household?
		5 6

ACS raw microdata



ACS codebook

Variable: "YEAR"

Name: SAMPLE Name: YEAR Label: IPUMS sample identifier Label: Census year SAMPLE identifies the IPUMS sample from which the case is drawn. Each sample receives a unique 6-digit code. The codes are structured as follows: YEAR reports the four-digit year when the household was enumerated or included in the census, the ACS, and the PRCS. The first four digits are the year of the census/survey. Variable For the multi-year ACS/PRCS samples, YEAR indicates the last year of data Text: included (e.g., 2007 for the 2005-2007 3-year ACS/PRCS; 2008 for the 2006-2008 3-year ACS/PRCS; and so on). For the actual year of survey in these The next two digits identify the sample within the year. multi-year data, see MULTYEAR. Variable For most censuses, IPUMS has multiple datasets which were constructed using Text: different sampling techniques (i.e. size/demographic of the sample population, Concept: Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD geographic coverage level or location, or duration of the sampling period for the ACS/PRCS samples). Start 1 The availability table for each variable indicates whether that variable is Position: available in only certain samples for a given year. For further discussion of sample differences, see "Sample Designs." [URL omitted from DDI.]. End Note: SAMPLE replaces DATANUM. Though the last two digits in SAMPLE do not 4 Position: correlate exactly with the now-deprecated DATANUM, the variable serves the same purpose of assigning a unique id to all cases that belong to the same dataset. Width: 4 Technical Variables -- HOUSEHOLD Concept: Variable numeric Start Format: 5 Position: Implied End 10 Decimal 0 Position: Places: Width: 6 Variable numeric Format: Implied Decimal 0 Places:

Variable: "SAMPLE"

ACS codebook

Variable: "SEX"

Variable: "AGE"

N	ame:		SEX		Name:	AGE	
U	abel:		Sex		Label:	Age	
Variable Text:		kt:	SEX reports whether the person was male or female.			AGE reports the person's age in years as of the last birthday.	
Concept:			Demographic Variables PERSON		Variable Text:	Please see the Comparability section regarding a known Universe issue with AGE and AGEORIG which effects EMPSTAT and LABFORCE for the 2004 ACS	
s	tart Positio	on:	340			Sample.	
End Position:		1:	340		Concept:	Demographic Variables PERSON	
w	Width:		1		Start Position:	341	
v	Variable Format:		numeric		End Position:	343	
Ir	Implied Decimal Places:		0				
c	ategories			1	Width:	3	
					Variable Format:	numeric	
	Value	Label			Transferd		
	1	Male			Decimal Places:	0	
	2	Female			ļ		



Stata command file from IPUMS

* NOTE: You need to set the Stata working directory to the path * where the data file is located.

set more off

clear			
quietly i	nfix		111
int	year	1-4	111
long	sample	5-10	111
double	serial	11-18	111
double	cbserial	19-31	111
bvte	numprec	32-33	111
byte	subsamp	34-35	111
double	hhwt	36-45	111
bvte	hhtype	46-46	111
double	cluster	47-59	111
double	adiust	60-66	111
double	cpi99	67-71	111
bvte	region	72-73	111
bvte	stateicp	74-75	111
byte	statefip	76-77	111
int	countvicp	78-81	111
int	countyfip	82-84	111
double	density	85-91	111
hyte	metro	92-92	111
long	met2013	93-97	111
byte	met2013err	98-98	111
double	metpop10	99-106	111
int	city	107-110	111
byte	citverr	111-111	111
long	citypon	112-116	111
long	numa	117-121	111
double	strata	122-133	''''
int	couma0010	134-137	''''
byte	bomeland	134-137	
int	cotru	120-120	
hute	chury	142-141	
byte	gq	142-142	
byte	gqtype	143-145	
Int	gqtyped	144-140	
byte	Tarm	14/-14/	
byte	ownershp	148-148	
byte	ownersnpa	149-150	
byte	mortgage	151-151	
byte	formprod	152-152	
byte	armprod	153-153	
byte	acrenous	154-154	
tong	mortamti	100-109	
int	mortamt2	100-103	111
byte	taxinct	164-164	111
byte	insincl	165-165	111
int	propinsr	166-169	111
byte	proptx99	170-171	111
long	owncost	172-176	111
int	rent	177-180	111
int	rentgrs	181-184	111
byte	rentmeal	185-185	///
int	condofee	186-189	///
long	moblhome	190-194	///
int	costelec	195-198	111
int	costgas	199-202	///
int	costwatr	203-206	///
int	costfuel	207-210	///
long	hhincome	211-217	111

byte	gcmonths	624–624	111
byte	gcrespon	625-625	111
using	`"usa_00070.c	dat"'	

replace hhwt replace adjust replace cpi99 replace density replace perwt	= hhwt / 100 = adjust / 1000000 = cpi99 / 1000 = density / 10 = perwt / 100 = slut / 100
format conial	- 51.00
format chserial	so.ey s13.0a
format hhwt	×10.2f
format cluster 9	s13.0a
format adjust 9	s7.6f
format cpi99 %	s5.3f
format density ⁹	57.1f
format metpop10 9	s8.0g
format strata 9	s12.0g
format perwt	610.2f
format slwt s	\$10.2T
label var year	"Census year"
label var sample	"IPUMS sample identifier"
label var serial	"Household serial number"
label var obserial	"Uriginal Census Bureau nousenold serial number"'
label var subsamp	"Number of person records following"
label var bhwt	"Household weight"
label var hhtvpe	"Household Type"
label var cluster	"Household cluster for variance estimation"
label var adjust	`"Adjustment factor, ACS/PRCS"'
label var cpi99	`"CPI-U adjustment factor to 1999 dollars"'
label var region	"Census region and division"
label var stateicp	"State (ICPSR code)"
label var statefip	"State (FIPS code)"
label var countyicp	"County (ICPSR code)"
label var countyrip	"County (FIPS code)"
label var density	"Population-weighted density of PumA"
label var met2013	"Metropolitan area (2013 OMB delineations)"
label var met2013	"Coverage error in MET2013 variable"
label var metpop10	"Average 2010 population of 2013 metro/micro areas in PUMA"'
label var city	`"City"'
label var cityerr	"Coverage error in CITY variable"
label var citypop	`"City population"'
label var puma	"Public Use Microdata Area"'
label var strata	"Household strata for variance estimation"
label var cpuma0010	"Consistent PUMA, 2000-2010"
label var homeland	"American Indian, Alaska Native, or Native Hawaiian homeland area"'
label var cntry	"Country"
label var gq	"Group quarters status"
label var gqtype	"Group quarters type [general version]"
label var farm	"Farm status"
label var ownershn	"Ownership of dwelling (tenure) [general version]"
label var ownershod	"Ownership of dwelling (tenure) [detailed version]"
label var mortgage	"Mortgage status"'
label var mortgag2	"Second mortgage status"
label var farmprod	"Sales of farm products"
label var acrehous	"House acreage"
label var mortamt1	"First mortgage monthly payment"
label var mortamt2	"Second mortgage monthly payment"
label var taxincl	"Mortgage payment includes property taxes"

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218-218

219-225 ///

byte

long

foodstmp

valueh

ACS microdata in Stata

Edit mode	ear[1] year 2018 2018 2018	2018 ACS	sample												Sidebar
Edit mode	ear[1] year 2018 2018 2018	Save Find 2018 2018 ACS	sample												Sidabar
1 2 2 2 3 2 4 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ear[1] year 2018 2018 2018	2018 2018 ACS	sample												
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1 2 2 3 2 4 2	2018 2018 2018	2018 ACS		seriat	cbserial	numprec	subsamp	hhwt	hhtype	cluster	adjust o	pi9!		E (01	∇
2 2 3 2 4 2	2018			1	2.018010e+12	1 person record	26	75.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 V	Variables		
3 4 2	2018	2018 ACS		2	2.018010e+12	1 person record	76	75.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Name		Label
4 2		2018 ACS		3	2.018010e+12	1 person record	2	118.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 🕑	vear		Census year
	2018	2018 ACS		4	2.018010e+12	1 person record	92	43.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 🗹	sample		IPUMS sample identifier
D 4	2018	2018 ACS		5	2.018010e+12	1 person record	81	16.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 🗹	serial		Household serial number
6 2	2018	2018 ACS		6	2.018010e+12	1 person record	5	25.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 🗹	2 cbserial		Original Census Bureau
7 2	2018	2018 ACS		7	2.018010e+12	1 person record	6	18.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	numprec		Number of person reco
8 2	2018	2018 ACS		8	2.018010e+12	1 person record	9	85.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	subsamp		Subsample number
9 2	2018	2018 ACS		9	2.018010e+12	1 person record	94	16.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 hhwt		Household weight
10 2	2018	2018 ACS		10	2.018010e+12	1 person record	40	91.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 hhtype		Household Type
11 2	2018	2018 ACS		11	2.018010e+12	1 person record	87	92.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 cluster		Household cluster for v
12 2	2018	2018 ACS		12	2.018010e+12	1 person record	37	31,00	N/A	2,018000e+12	1,013097	0.6	adjust		Adjustment factor, ACS
13	2018	2018 ACS		13	2.018010e+12	1 person record	12	16.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	cpi99		CPI-U adjustment facto
14 2	2018	2018 ACS		14	2.018010e+12	1 person record	98	71.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	a region		State (ICBSP code)
15	2018	2018 ACS		15	2.018010e+12	1 person record	20	68,00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	statefin		State (FIPS code)
16	2010	2018 ACS		16	2.018010e+12	1 person record	18	54.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 countvicp		County (ICPSR code)
17	2010	2010 ACS		10	2.0100100112	1 person record	82	40.00	N/A	2.0180000+12	1.013097	0.6	2 countyfip		County (FIPS code)
10	2010	2010 ACS		10	2.0100100+12	1 person record	95	40.00	N/A	2.0100000+12	1.013097	0.0	density		Population-weighted de
10	2010	2010 ACS		10	2.0100100+12	1 person record	73	11.00	N/A	2.0100000+12	1.013097	0.0	2 metro		Metropolitan status
19 4	2010	2010 ACS		19	2.0100100+12	1 person record	73	00.00	N/A	2.0100000+12	1.013097	0.0	2 met2013		Metropolitan area (201
20 4	2018	2018 ACS		20	2.018010e+12	1 person record	32	20.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	met2013err		Coverage error in MET2
21 4	2018	2018 ACS		21	2.018010e+12	1 person record	83	34.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 metpop10		Average 2010 populatio
22 2	2018	2018 ACS		22	2.018010e+12	1 person record	51	34.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 city		City
23 2	2018	2018 ACS		23	2.018010e+12	1 person record	24	30.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 cityerr		Coverage error in CITY
24 2	2018	2018 ACS		24	2.018010e+12	1 person record	23	17.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 citypop		City population
25 2	2018	2018 ACS		25	2.018010e+12	1 person record	7	3.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	2 puma		Public Use Microdata A
26 2	2018	2018 ACS		26	2.018010e+12	1 person record	14	15.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6			
27 2	2018	2018 ACS		27	2.018010e+12	1 person record	3	66.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	₹ (Q~)
28 2	2018	2018 ACS		28	2.018010e+12	1 person record	10	30.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6 P	Properties		(▲) ► =
29 2	2018	2018 ACS		29	2.018010e+12	1 person record	53	56.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	▼ Variables		
30 2	2018	2018 ACS		30	2.018010e+12	1 person record	72	53.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Name	year Consus year	
31 2	2018	2018 ACS		31	2.018010e+12	1 person record	36	15.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Type	int	
32 2	2018	2018 ACS		32	2.018010e+12	1 person record	99	52.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Format	%8.0g	
33 2	2018	2018 ACS		33	2.018010e+12	1 person record	15	53.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Value label	year_lbl	
34 2	2018	2018 ACS		34	2.018010e+12	1 person record	22	18.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Notes		
35 2	2018	2018 ACS		35	2.018010e+12	1 person record	17	17.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Frame	default	
36 2	2018	2018 ACS		36	2.018010e+12	1 person record	35	13.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	▶ Filename	ACS2018.dta	
37 2	2018	2018 ACS		37	2.018010e+12	1 person record	95	70.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Label		
38 2	2018	2018 ACS		38	2.018010e+12	1 person record	33	77.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	P Notes Variables	252	
39 2	2018	2018 ACS		39	2.018010e+12	1 person record	38	74.00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Observations	3,214,539	
40	2018	2018 ACS		40	2.018010e+12	1 person record	25	28.00	N/A	2,018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Size	1382.60M	
41	2018	2018 ACS		41	2.018010e+12	1 person record	42	38,00	N/A	2.018000e+12	1.013097	0.6	Memory Sorted by	1664M	
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Stata practice time

- Let's look at the IPUMS website (<u>https://ipums.org</u>)
 - I created an extract with all 2018 ACS harmonized variables
 - Then, I ran the command file to save it in Stata format
 - I kept only Texas observations because of the database size
- The Stata database is in the course website
 <u>http://www.ernestoamaral.com/docs/Stata2020a/course.zip</u>
- Then, we should run the Stata command file
 <u>http://www.ernestoamaral.com/docs/Stata2020a/Stata01.txt</u>



